



## Maintenance

Normal maintenance requires a periodic cleaning with a vacuum or soft brush.  
Any remaining soil should be removed with a dry erase sponge

## Cleaning

- The primary consideration in stain removal is prompt attention
- Act quickly to minimize damage
- Determine the nature of the stain before attempting removal

### Fluids

- Blot with clean tissue, sponge or cloth
- Do not rub or press soil into the fabric

### Semi Solid

- Scrape off excess with knife or sponge
- Blot with clean tissue or cloth
- Confine the area by working from the edges toward the center
- Use only cold water or the finish may discolor and lose gloss
- If stain persists, add a very mild soap such as IVORY, LUX or BORATINE to cold, clean water and blot, sponge or brush with a soft brush

## Caution

Always test your cleaning process in a discrete area before attempting stain removal

- **Acceptable Cleaning Solutions**

- **Organic Based**

- Trichloroethylene, Naphtha, Carbon tetrachloride

- **Water Based**

- Top Job, Tide Solutions, Mr Clean

- **Water-Borne Stains:** As above with acceptable water based solution. Rinse with clear water. Apply solutions sparingly

- **Oil -Borne Stains:** Never apply solvents directly to fabrics. Apply with clean cloth or sponge. Remove excess solvent with blotter. Sponge off with spot remover or solvent

- **Combination Stains:** As above in the order listed

## Caution

Strong Organic solvents (such as Ketones) and harsh abrasive cleaners are not recommended. These materials will cause dulling, discoloration or softening of the vinyl causing permanent damage

